Alcohol and Drug Impaired Driving



GSPS Traffic Management Unit Greater Sudbury Police Services Board Wednesday, June 26th, 2024

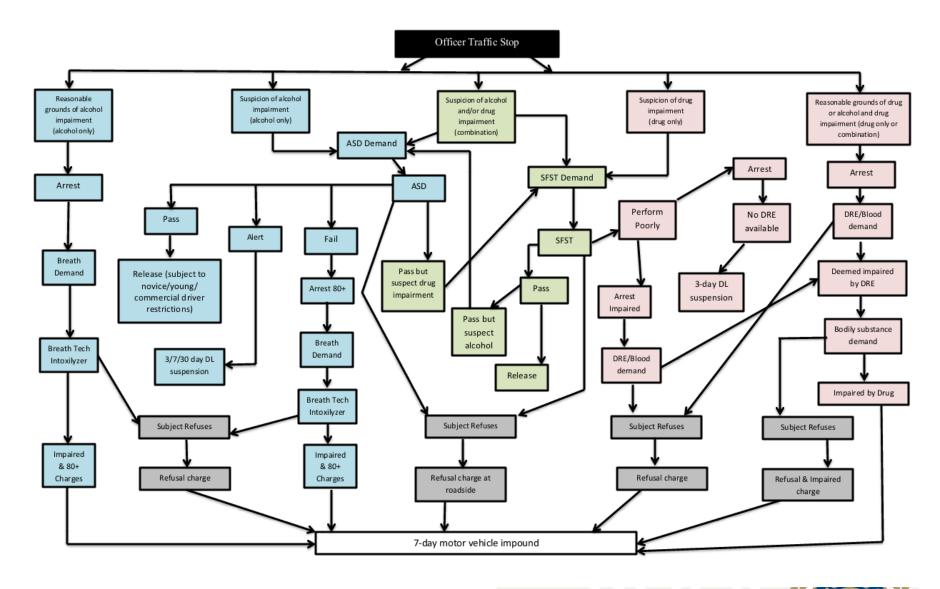


What is Impaired Driving?

- Sec. 320.14 of the Criminal Code
- Ability to operate a conveyance impaired to any degree slight to great
- Per Se offences (blood alcohol/drug concentrations)













Use of approved roadside screening device:









APPENDIX A Summary of differences between ASD demands under s. 320.27(1)(b) and (2)

Requirements of a Conventional ASD Demand under s. 320.27(1)(b)	Requirements of a MAS ASD Demand under s. 320.27(2)
Reasonable suspicion that subject has operated (or had care or control) of a conveyance within the preceding three hours	Subject must be operating (or have care or control) of a motor vehicle when the ASD demand is made
Reasonable suspicion of alcohol in the body	
Demand must be made immediately upon suspicions being formed	Demand must be made immediately
ASD must be administered immediately following demand	ASD must be administered immediately following demand
If no ASD on scene, it may be brought to scene, provided "immediacy" requirement is complied with	ASD must be on scene and in demanding officer's possession when demand is made
No comparable statutory provision. However, officers must always be acting lawfully when stopping motor vehicles and engaging in screening measures.	Express statutory requirement that demanding officer must be in the lawful exercise of powers under federal or provincial statute or at common law



- Pass: 0 49 mg of alcohol in 100 ml of blood
- Warn Range: Driver produces between 50 99 mg of alcohol in 100 ml of blood In Ontario this results in 3-day driver's licence suspension.
- Fail: Driver produces > 100 mg of alcohol in 100 ml of blood → Arrest for Operating with 80+ mg/100 ml





Testing for Impaired by Drug and Alcohol







Intoxilyzer 8000 C



What happens if driver can't blow?



What is a drug?











What is a Drug Recognition Expert?



DRE – 12-step process

- 1. Breath Alcohol Test
- 2. Interview of arresting officer
- 3. Preliminary examination
- 4. Examination of the eyes
- 5. Divided attention tests
- 6. Examination of vital signs
- 7. Darkroom examination
- 8. Examination of muscle tone
- 9. Examination of injection sites
- 10. Suspect's statement
- 11. DRE Opinion
- 12. Toxicology Examination





Seven Drug Categories as Defined for Impaired Driving Charges

- Central Nervous System Depressants
- Inhalants
- Dissociative Anesthetics
- Cannabis
- Central Nervous System
 Stimulants
- Hallucinogens
- Narcotic Analgesics





How about a Refusal?





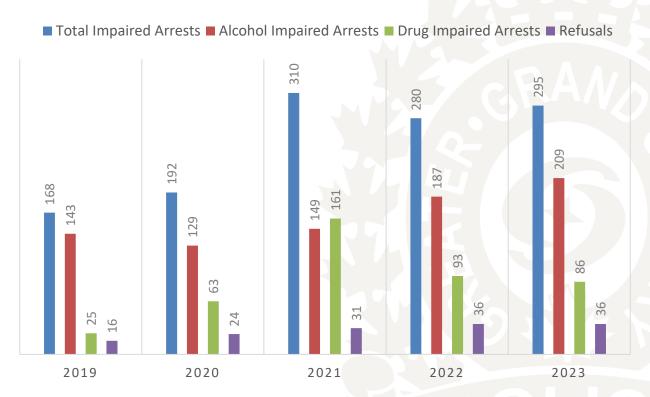
Immediate Provincial Penalties:





GSPS 5 Year Trends for Impaired Operation:

CHART TITLE



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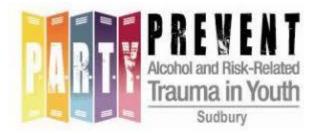


















Questions



